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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/575,656	11/28/2006	Rudi Mueller-Walz	28069-625N01US	2553
	7590 03/09/201 I COHN FERRIS GLC	EXAMINER		
ONE FINANCIAL CENTER			KENNEDY, NICOLETTA	
BOSTON, MA 02111		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1611		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/09/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
	10/575,656	MUELLER-WALZ ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	

	Nicoletta Kennedy	1611				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED <u>22 February 2011</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS .	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.				
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:						
a) The period for reply expires <u>3 months from the mailing date</u>	of the final rejection.					
The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO						
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).						
extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee are been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee ander 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, ay reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
OTICE OF APPEAL The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).						
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>						
The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);						
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or	• •	ducing or simplifying th	ne issues for			
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.				
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. San attached Notice of Non Co.	mpliant Amandmant (DTOL 204)			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		ripliant Amendment (- TOL-324).			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 	owable if submitted in a separate, t	imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		l be entered and an e	xplanation of			
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:						
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1, 3-7, 12-23</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
<u>AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE</u> 8.	t before or on the date of filing a Ne	tice of Appeal will not	bo optored			
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	ıl and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a			
10. 🔲 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatior	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.			
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER						
 The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	·	condition for allowan	ce because:			
 12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u>. 	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)					
/N. K./	/Anne R Kubelik/					
Examiner, Art Unit 1611	Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 1638				

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The rejections of record are maintained. Applicant argues that Ventura teaches away from using magnesium stearate at an amount of 1.5% by weight (remarks, p. 5). Although this may teach one of ordinary skill in the art not to use magnesium stearate at this range, it does not teach away from using magnesium stearate in other amounts between 0.02 and less than 1.5%.

Applicant again relies on the teachings of Chiesi to state that less than 0.5% by weight magnesium stearate is used. However, Chiesi is not relied upon in the current rejections. Further, Staniforth explicitly teach amounts up to 1.5% by weight. No specific examples in Staniforth are necessary to demonstrate this because the text of Staniforth teaches it. This statement provides motivation for one of ordinary skill in the art to use ranges of magnesium stearate as taught by Staniforth.

With regard to the surface coverage of the carrier particles, Applicant argues that Vectura teaches higher coverage with less additive (remarks, p. 8). As stated in the final rejection, Vectura teach a powder where it is desirable to have a discontinuous coating of additive. Further, the mixing time is between 0.1 and 0.5 hours. Applicant quotes Vectura as saying "in the sense that even if more additive material were provided, substantially the same covering would be achieved" to show that a decreased degree of coating is not taught. However, that citation does not negate the teachings of a discontinuous coating. Additionally, the mixing time of Vectura is within the guidelines taught in the instant specification for achieving low surface coverage (p. 8).

Applicant next argues that unexpected results are shown in the instant specification at pages 21-24 yet does not explain any results other than to state that the examples of the instant invention have a reproducibly high fine particle fraction which is also stabilized against moisture (remarks, p. 8). However, the data explained in the instant specification does not compare the closest prior art nor is the data commensurate with the scope of the claims. The instant specification does not show unexpected results but states that magnesium stearate has a stabilizing effect on the fine particle fraction dry powder formulations. The art already used magnesium stearate and unexpected results would need to show why the surface coverage and amount of magnesium stearate are distinguished from the surface coverage and amounts of the prior art.

The remaining rejections are maintained because they depend on the rejection discussed above, which is also maintained

The double patenting rejections are held in abeyance.

Continuation of 13. Other: The claims are entered because they are a duplicate copy of the claims that were finally rejected.